

GOCEK- KEKOVA - GOCEK



GOCEK

It is a small fisherman village look place ,became popular for the yachts embarkation ports.It has a natural shelter for the yachts and surrounded with trees on the hills. It is also a unique with the small islands and coves splitted in the gulf.





GEMİLER ISLAND

The Island is also known as the Island of St Nicholas .It is only small area is littered with the remains of an historic monastic retreat containing among other things the original resting place of St.Nicholas.The island offers the perfect opportunity to take a break from sunbathing and spend an hour exploring the medieval remains.



ÖLÜDENİZ

Ölüdeniz meaning "Dead Sea " is a beach near Fethiy e and the beach is selected as the best of the world beaches in 2006 and it looks like a very calm lake .Its 1st level natural sites of protection.



YEŞİLKÖY

Beautiful spot on the way to Kalkan peaceful ,clear warm water for a nice swimming and lunch break.



PATARA

Patara was the major naval and trading port of Lycia, located at the mouth of the Xanthos Valley.It is the longest beach of Turkey with its 1 and perfect for surfers.Caretta Caretta (Loggerhead) Turtles that nest on the beach between May and September so that the beach is established as an environmentally conservation area.



TLOS

It is one of the oldest and largest settlements of Lycia and was inhabited by Roman, Byzantines and eventually Ottoman Turks, making it one of few Lycian cities to be continually inhabited through the 19th century



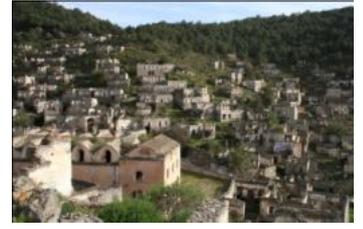
XHANTOS

Xanthos was the capital city of the Lycian Federation and its greatest city for Lycian history.Xanthos is one of the most remarkable archaeological sites in Turkey . For this reason, it has been registered in the UNESCO World Heritage Sites list



LETOON

Letoon was the sacred cult center of Lycia, Letoon has also been registered in the UNESCO World Heritage Sites list. Letoon is a romantic site and many of the monuments arise from standing water.



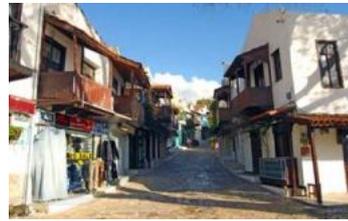
KAYAKÖY

Kayaköy was largely abandoned after a population Exchange agreement was signed by the Turkish and Greek governments in 1923. Today Kayaköy village serves as a museum and is a historical monument. Around 500 houses remain as ruins and are under the protection of the Turkish government. Kayaköy was adopted by the UNESCO as a World Friendship and Peace Village.



KALKAN

The historic town of Kalkan is an enchanting place and one of the most beautiful locations along Turkey's Lycian Coast. Kalkan is a charming and unspoiled place with its blue crystal-clear sea, ancient history and warm traditional Turkish hospitality.



KAŞ

Kaş formerly called Antiphellos is a place where you can experience all at once; the amazing wonders of forest, sea, history and art. The town is filled with a bunch of houses all around the main street and teahouses.



KEKOVA

The Kekova region was declared a Specially Protected Area in 1990 to protect the natural, cultural and geographic richness of Kekova Island and surrounding coast. On its northern side there are the partly sunken ruins of an ancient town which was destroyed by an earthquake during the 2nd century.



DEMRE / MYRA

Myra was a leading city of the Lycian Union and its remains are situated about 1.5 km north of today's Demre. St. Nicholas was a popular bishop at Myra, born in Patara, famous for his miracles and known for his kindness. The church and the sarcophagus of Saint Nicolas (Santa Claus, the Saint of sailors, merchants, archers, and children, and students) is near Demre/Myra.

ROUTE PLAN : Our plan may vary according to the sea and weather forecast and with guests general request and preferences and it can be changed on route for our guests comfort and safety. The above places have been given as an information to help for your route planning.